#### NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 22, 1888.

### THE KERR TRIAL OPENED.

MR. FITZGERALD OPENS FIRE.

TROUBLE TO GET THE LAST JUROR-MR. BIRD'S

The trial of Thomas B. Kerr for bribing ex-Alderman Fulgraff is at last fairly under way. One o'clock yesterday afternoon saw the jury-box satisfactorily filled. Assistant District-Attorney Fitzgerald opened the case for the people in an address which occupied all the rest of the session, and this morning Fulgraff will be put on the witness-stand. In the fifteen days already consumed in the preliminaries of the trial, 1,200 jurors have been called, 715 have been examined, and 41 have been in the box. Of these latter, eleven have been bowled out by challenges from the people, eight by challenges from the defendant, and ten excused by consent. About flity-seven were examined during yesterday forenoon.

When Justice Patterson took his seat at halfpast 10, the Oyer and Terminer room was crowded. Many lawyers were present, besides those engaged in the case. A large portion of the other spectators consisted of possible candidates for the jury-box. To these, and to almost every one else, it came with something of a shock, when John H. Bird, the lawyer, after surthe completed jury, selected a victim and had him sponged out. He deemed it his professional duty, he said, to unburden himhis professional duty, he said, to unburden himself of a secret to the court and jury. He was an
intimate friend of the father of one of the jurymen, and this father was an officer and a member
of a club of which he himself was an officer and
member. "I was not aware, when the gentleman
was called upon the witness stand," continued Mr.
Bird, "that he was a son of that father. In addition to that, sir, he lives next door to an associate
counsel in this case. We think it would be embarrassing to him to retain his seat, and we ask
that juror No. 6, Mr. Minton, be excused.

TOO CLOSE A RELATION TO THE COUNSEL.
Colonel Fellows regretted that circumstances

Colonel Fellows regretted that circumstances were as they were, but he thought the gentleman should be excused. Mr. Minton silently stole away; and the Judge, with a world of weariness in his "Resume the quest." For two hours and a half a train of men, armed with opinions, and prejudices, clouded with the friendships of Canadian exiles, hampered by queer notions of jury duty, and disqualified by social or business relations with the defendants, or with the counsel, passed to the stand, swore, and were found unfit.

ants, or with the counsel, passed to the stand, swore, and were found unfit.

Felix Kramer, for instance, had not a personal, but a moral prejudice against Kerr. Louis E, Harper looked with strong suspicion on an informer's testimony. Fred Myers voted for Jachne. George Sloan held that a defendant was guilty until he was proved innocent. Charles A. Dodge supplied the Kerr household with flowers.

At last there was found one just man-from a strictly legal standpoint—in the panel. He was Sylvester J. O'Sullivan, a salesman at No. 96 Franklinst. He hves at the Metropolitan Hotel, so he is lucky enough to be at home in the head-quarters assigned to the jury

Eleven jurymen took the oath and one affirmed. The men who will try Kerr are, therefore, as follows:

1. Cornelius Harland, superintendent, No. 145 West

fth-st.
Robert A. Schroeder, cigars, No. 7 Essex-st.
Edwin S. Simons, jeweller, No. 1,285 Fourth-ave,
Reuben Krause, clerk, No. 647 Broadway.
George M. Huntington, agent, No. 229 Broad-

6. Sylvester J. O'Sullivan, jr., salesman, No. 96 Franklin-st.
7. Henry C. Lefevre, real estate, No. 476 Second-

e.

8. Adolph Adelmann, cigars, No. 625 Eighth-ave.
9. Paul Hahn, china, No. 262 Greenwich-si.
10. Joseph I. Keily, stationer, No. 264 Sixth-ave.
11. James Doonan, stables, No. 220 Ninth-ave.
12. William A. Treffenberg, broker, No. 162 West

Ninety-niuth-st.

As soon as the jury was secured the court rested for an hour. When the session was resumed, Assistant District-Attorney Fitzgerald made the first presentation of the case for the prosecution. He began to speak at 2 p. m. and finished at 4:40 p. m. He went exhaustively into the oft-told history of the Broadway railroad enterprise, dwelling more particularly on the relations of Sharp, Foshay and Richmond to the scheme, and the defendant's business relations with these worthies, In recard to the actual offence charged in the in-

defendant's business relations with these worthies. In regard to the actual offence charged in the indictment, he said:

"There will be no direct proof offered upon this trial that Kerr personally had had, at any time in regard to this matter, any relations with Fuigraff. There will however, be proof, abundant and unassailable, that Fuigraff and other members of the Board to which he belonged were bribed; and that in consequence of such bribery this most valuable franchise was secured by the defendant and his corrupt associates for an enterprise in which they were interested, and out of which, by dishonest and disreputable means, they accuired enormous profits.

The case was adjourned when Mr. Fitzgerald finished speaking, with the understanding, how-

The case was adjourned when Mr. Fitzgerald finished speaking, with the understanding, however, that during the rest of the trial the proceedings will begin at 10 a. m. and end at 6 p. m. daily. The jurymen were taken to the rooms in the Metropolitan Hotel occupied by the Sharp jury. They are in the care of the court-crier. "Billy" Ricketts.

Mr. Kerr was at the trial all day, and remained some time after the adjournment for the day, then going to his home, where he was last evening. His counsel, John H. Bird, characterized the story of any mystery as to where Mr. Kerr was and as to his failure to appear at the trial to-day as ridiculous. "Mr. Kerr is not going to run away," said Mr. Bird, "after coming hundreds of miles to place himself in the jurisdiction of the court for trial. We have an excellent jury, and are satisfied that our chent will have a fair trial. Mr. Kerr will be on hand to-morrow, bright and early, at 10 o'clock—if alive, and if he is not alive we will produce his body."

# QUINN STEALS THE PALLADIUM.

RUNNING OFF WITH THE CHARTER OF THE AMERI-

District Assembly No. 49 of the Knights of Labor has got into as ugly a mess as it is possible for its Master Workman, James E. Quinn, to drag it. On Sunday the burly labor agitator ran out of the the charter of the Americus Assembly, to which h had contrived to get himself admitted after he had been dismissed from another local organization of the Knights. This was the result of a long fight between Quinn and "Billy" Martin, who is now employed by the city. Martin went to the meeting room of the "local" to which Quinn formerly belonged, and although he had his card, he was denied admission by

Quinn, against whom he preferred charges.

To get out of this scrape Quinn got himself transferred to the Americus Assembly and to this body Martin followed him and had the door banged in his face by Quinn. Quinn and the entire assembly were suspended from the assembly district and on Sunday, when the Assembly met, objection was made to Quinn's presence. The members against him were nine to one, and he snatched the charter of the organization and ran away with it. Wishout it no bus ness can be done. Quinn says that this is a fight between the Heme Club element and the "antis." At present the "antis" support Quinn in his act of carrying off the charter. A new charter will be asked for and Quinn will have additional charges preferred sgainst him. But the court before which he will be tried is made up of his friends and it will be a difficult task to get rid of him.

NOT WHAT MAYOR HEWITT ADVISED.

The action of the Central Labor Union in upholding the boycott on pool beer and keeping from work the journeymen brewers who would be giad to be at work again, is matter of much surprise to the boss brewers and to a majority of the workingmen themselves, who are in favor of lifting the boycott on pool beer and returning to work. At the beginning of the summer season a good many new men will be employed in the breweries, and if the boycott were raised now the majority of the old hands would obtain situations, but if the union delays the places will be filled by non-union men, who will be kept.

San Francisco, May 21.—Simon Hamburg and an ac-complice last year sold to Mr. Parker, an Oregon farmer, certain real estate in this city to which they had no title. Parker did not examine the title, but gave them \$3,000 in cash and his farm in Oregon, worth \$6,500. When recently the title to the city sold under a belief that the title was would not refund the money. Hamburg confessed that Hamburg had dend to rob Parker of his money. The difference of the money and the court, in prisoner, regretted that the crime of guilty was only a misdemeanor in Calludge then sentenced him to imprisonmunity jail for one year, and assessed a much better than it is. The atock of nalls on hand property was found to be defective. Hamburg entered a plea that he sold under a belief that the title was perfect, but he would not refund the money. Hamburg's accomplice confessed that Hamburg had de-liberately planned to rob Parker of his money. The found Hamburg guilty, and the court, in which he was guilty was only a misdemeanor in Cal-ifornia. The judge then sentenced him to imprison-

fine equal to double the amount of money he fraudulently obtained from Parker, namely, a fine of \$19,000, and in default of payment of the fine, ordered him to be imprisoned at the rate of one day for each dollar. If the fine is not paid Hamburg will therefore have to serve altogether fifty-three years and twenty days.

CANADA AND THE TREATY.

HOPEFUL OF ITS FATE IN THE SENATE. ANXIOUS THAT IT MAY BE RATIFIED-EFFECT OF A

REJECTION. Ottawa, Ont., May 21 .- On the vote for the expenses of the Fisheries Commission in Parliament to-day, Mr. Mitchell said that if, in the excitement of political turmoil, the United States Senate should reject the Fisheries Treaty, the Dominion Gevernment should deal liberally during the coming fishing season with American fishernen, in order to give the Senate a chance to think the matter over quietly and reconsider its decision. He believed the treaty was much more favorable to the United States than the people of that country be-

Sir Richard Cartwright asked if the Government had power to nullify the modus vivendi in the

event of the treaty being rejected. Mr. Mitchell asked what the intentions of the Government were in the event of the treaty being

rejected.
Sir Charles Tupper said the Government had not
Sir Charles Tupper said the Government had not given that question any consideration. They had strong hopes that if the treaty were not accepted now a decision would be postponed until another

The item was passed.

Sir Charles Tupper stated there was great doubt as to what action the United States Senate would take as to the treaty, but he was still hopeful it would report in favor of adoption. It was in the power of the Governor General, in the event of the treaty being rejected, to terminate the modus vivendi; otherwise the modus vivendi; otherwise

would pursue.

On the vote to pay for the litigation in connection with the case of the schooner David J. Adams. Mr. Mitchell condemned the action of the rnment on the ground that it was imprudent

The Minister of Justice explained that the Adams had been seized in order to make a test case, and it was no fault of the Government that the matter had not been decided in court.

THE AMERICAN CLUB IN LONDON. REPRESENTATIVE ENGLISHMEN AS WELL AS AMERI-

Washington, was in the chair, supported by Henry White, American Charge d'Affaires; C. P. Phelps and Captain Chadwick, of the United States Legation; Sir Gerald Graham and Sir Seymour Blane, generals of the British army; Cornelius Vanderbilt, oward Potter and many other prominent citizens of both countries. The membership now numbers 320 and on reaching 500 it is hoped that the committee will be able to take a fine club house in Piccadilly. The advantage which the club presents to members of the best clubs in the United States is that they are eligible for immediate election on presenting a letter of introduction from the secretaries of their letter of introduction from the secretaries of their clubs. Within the last month about forty members have been elected from the Union Clubs of New-York and Boston, the Somerset of Boston, the Century of New-York, the St. Louis, Maryland and Chicago Clubs. The committee comprise, besides Sir Edward Thornton, the chairman; Walter Burns, Mr. Chaplin, A. C. Norman, F. B. Blake, three members of the United States Legation and a like number of representative Englishmen.

CROWDS CHEER EMPEROR FREDERICK. THE AFFLICTED MONARCH DRIVES IN AN OPEN

. CARRIAGE IN PUBLIC. Berlin, May 21.—Emperor Frederick passed a good day. His pulse was better than it has been at any time since the operation was performed on his throat, In the afternoon he drove in an open carriage toward the Schloss Bellevue in the Thiergarten, returning in a closed carriage. He met with enthusiastic greetings along the route.

along the route.

The Emperor had also passed a satisfactory night. He appeared twice at a window of the castle in the morning, dressed in uniform.

AVERSE TO CHINESE IMMIGRATION.

New-Zealand, says that a bill directed against Chinese immigration has passed the House of Representatives

A dispatch from Sydney, N. S. W., says: "Forty Chinese immigrants possessing exemption papers have been permitted to land here. The Government will compensate those sent back to China. The admiral in command of the Australian station has declined to comply with the request of the captain; of the immi-grant vessels that an armed guard be sent to their ves-sels to prevent mutiny among the Chinamen forbidden to land.

Sir Henry Parkes, the Premier of New South Wales, in a dispatch to Commissioner Heaton, says: "The feeling against the Chinese is intense. Nine-tenths of the population support the Government, whose attitude is unchanged. Chinese immigrants will be sent back."

THE QUEEN GOES TO SCOTLAND London, May 21.—The Queen started to-day for Palmoral

The Prince of Wales left London this evening for Berlin to attend the marriage of Princo Henry of Prussia, and Princess Irene of Hesse. He takes with him a number of handsome presents from the Royal family of England.

STANLEY MAY BE WAITING FOR TIPPOO TIB. London, May 21.-Dr. Schweinfurth writes from Brussels that there is no reason to be uneasy about Stanley's fate. He is probably waiting half way for Tippoo Tib's reinforcements and stores, without which it is useless to reach Wadelal. The Government of the Congo State has received advices that Dr. Mangold, of Kiel, is about to start in search of Stanley.

Rome, May 21.—The Pope has assented to the protection of Catholics by the French in Syria, Palestine and in other countries of the Levant in exchange for French concessions in regard to internal religious

FIVE HUNDRED PERSONS DROWNED. London, May 21 .- Five hundred persons have been drowned by floods in Mesopotamia.

BEATEN BY THE AMERICAN. London, May 21.—A ten-mile bicycle race was con-tested at North Shields to-day between Wood, of England and Temple, of America. Temple shot away on the last lap and won the race easily. Time, 30 minutes 1 2-5 seconds.

MR. CONDON GETS A TERM IN JAIL Dublin, May 21.—Thomas Joseph Condon, member of Parliament, was to-day sentenced to a month's imprisonment, without hard labor, for inciting tax-payers to resist the payment of the lax imposed by the Grand Jury of Cork and Clare to compensate the Grand Jury of Cork and Clare to compensate Constable Leahy, who was injured in the Mitchelstown riots, and the family of Constable Whelshan. Mr. Condon was sentenced on May 7 to two weeks' imprisonment for offences under the Crimes act.

QUAKERS IN FAVOR OF HOME RULE. London, May 21 .- In reply to an address by 1.200

Quakers in favor of Home Rule to-day Mr. Gladstone said it would have been difficult to persuade him that any large number of Friends could be so little in harmon; with the noble social traditions of their body as to approve a coercive policy toward Ireland. He received the address with pleasure as definite evidence of the Friends' sentiments.

BACK TO HIS BENCH IN MADISON SQUARE. St. John, N. B., May 21.-Citizen Train took a last look at Canad'an soil last night, when he took a train for Boston. He expects to be in Madison Square, New-York, to-morrow, after a six-months expatriation.

DISSATISFIED GERMAN WORKINGMEN. Berlin, May 21.-Monster meetings of workingmen are being held throughout Germany, and strikes are spreading. At Mayence and Hamburg collisions have

A SOCIALISTIC TICKET PROBABLE.

THE FOLLOWERS OF KARL MARK NOT SATISFIED WITH THE LABOR NOMINEES. Chicago, May 21 .- An evening paper says Whether or not the American Socialists will held a National Convention and put a Presidential ticket in the field will probably be decided at a conference of leaders of the party to be held soon. Among the Socialists there is profound dissatisfaction with the Union and the United Labor tickets nominated last week in Cincinnati, as well as with the platform adopted, and the opinion is freely expressed that an out-and-out Socialistic ticket will command more respect than both of the other labor parties combined. They look for their strength to New-York, Milwaukee, Cincinnati, Denver, and other large cities, and claim that nearly a million of voters would raily under the banner. Streeter, they say, represents nothing but the old Greenback element, while Cowdrey is but a figure-head for the McGlynn element. The convention, if decided upon, will probably be held in this city in July. John Swinten, of New-York, and Captain Black, of this city, who defended the Anarchists, are talked of for the Presidential nomination. The Socialists claim that they have politically deadened Henry George, and that they intend to follow up the victory and crush McGlynn. In Chicago they lay claim to from 17,000 to 20,000 votes, but this is an overestimate, as the labor people were never so thoroughly split up as they are this year. other large cities, and claim that nearly a million

BILLS SIGNED BY THE GOVERNOR. SCHOOL MEASURES APPROVED - TO BURN THE

QUARANTINE DEAD. Albany, May 21 (Special).-Governor Hill was hard at work this morning upon the heap of four hundred bills left in his hands by the Legislature and in the afternoon relieved his throbbing brain continued for two years. There was every reason to believe that such continuance, together with rigid protection of Canadian fishing grounds, not neglecting due courtesy to American fishermen, would allay any feeling that might exist in the United States. It would be premature to disclose what action the Canadian Government Coon's general act for the introduction of manual training in all the schools of the State. This measure empowers Boards of Education of cities and villages, and the trustees of union free schools, to establish school for teaching or illustrating the manual or industrial arts.

The Governor also signed Assemblyman Hamilton's bill authorizing the State Superintendent of Public Instruction to enter into an agreement with the American Museum of Natural History in the city of New-York for continuing for two years CANS EVLANG TO IT.

London, May 21.—The American Club held its first annual general meeting at the club house in Albemarlest, Piccadilly. Sir Edward Thornton, the late British in Brooklyn and the teachers of the common the instruction in natural history to the several Brooklyn and the teachers of the common schools of Brooklyn and vicinity, for which

schools of Brooklyn and vicinity, for which \$15,000 is appropriated for the first year and \$18,000 for the second year.

Assemblyman Cromwell's bill empowering the Board of Quarantine Commissioners to establish a crematory on Swinburne Island also became a law. The Quarantine Commissioners are authorized to cremate in this furnace the bodies of persons dying at the Quarantine Hospital from contagious diseases. An appropriation of \$20,000 is made, and the Seguine's Point burial ground is to be abandoned and sold by the Land Commissioners. The important hearings before the Governor will begin on Wednesday.

#### VILLARD SEEKS HIS OLD OFFICE.

OREGON AND TRANSCONTINENTAL COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the Oregon and Transcontinental Company will be held on June 18. It is not understood that there will be any opposition to the present management, although Henry Villard will become the official, as well as the real, head of the The following address to the shareholders was issued in the name of Mr. Villard; it was indersed by Sidney Dillon, Charles L. Colby, William L. Bull, elgate Hoyt and Brayton Ives:

Colgate Hoyt and Brayton Ives:

Last August I was enabled, through the confidence of
my German business friends, to render to your company
financial aid to the extent of five millions of dollars at a
critical period of its affairs. The result of this intervention was that I was requested at that time by your dito become again president of your company. I declined to accept the suggestion then, because I was expected to assist financially some of the corporations in which your London, May 21.-A dispatch from Wellington, company holds large stock interests. This assistance havupon, as the founder of your company, and from a sense of duty to you, to aid to the full extent of my power in securing more satisfactory results in the future for you as

obtained the co-spection of the foreign capital which I represent, and my friends, in evidence of their intention to obtained the to-special contribution of the contribution to infuse new life into your company, have already acquired a large interest in your stock. In behalf, therefore, of them and all my friends who are interested in your stock, and of myself personally. I respectfully request your cooperation in our proposed efforts for the rehabilitation of the Oregon and Transcontinental Company, and the placing the overlap of the securities upon a substantial permanent foundation, of the accurities upon a substantial permanent foundation, the next the next that the flames with a mat. John de Barrie, and in stiffe the flames with a mat. John de Barrie, the next the flames with a mat. election may be given to the following named persons: Sidney Dillon, Charles L. Colby and William L. Bull. Proxies should be signed for them to represent you, and sent to the following address: Sidney Dillon, president Oregon and Transcontinental Company, No. 35 Wall-st.

PREVIOUS ACTS NOT RATIFIED.

The official report of the proceedings at the annual neeting of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway, recently held at Parsons, Kan., shows that the stock-holders refused to ratify the acts of the previous management. A resolution was offered by Mr. Martinsen, who represents the Dutch holders, and was adopted. for many years whereat the true intersts of the Missourl, Kansas and Texas stockholders are represented. the approval of any action of the directors or stockholders at any former meeting and the approval of the minutes of such meetings be postponed to a future meeting of the stockholders, to be called at the dis-cretion of the directors, or to the next annual meeting."

MEXICAN RAILWAY CONTRACT LET City of Mexico, May 14.—The Department of Public Works has entered into a contract with Colonel Edward MacMurdo, represented by Lord Archibald Gosford, for the rebuilding of 108 kilometres of the Tehnantepec National Railway, the construction of some 226 kilometres still to be built, and the complete equipment of the road. The termini are Coatzacoalcos, in the Gulf of Mexico, and Salina Cruz, on the Pacific Ocean. The Government will pay to the company as the sole price of its line, its dependencies, etc., 2,000,000 sterling in bonds, secured by a first mortgage on the entire property. These bonds, which shall be for £100 each, shall bear 5 per cent annual interest.

MISCELLANEOUS RAILWAY INTELLIGENCE. For the accommodation of those whose work requires night service, the Eric Railway is now running a special train, leaving Chambers at station at 4 a. m., daily, except Sunday. The new train will be a passenger train, and will go as far as Greycourt. On Sundays it will start at 4:45 a. m.

Springfield, Onlo, May 21.—At a meeting of the stock-bolders of the Onlo Sundays Railwood this concept it.

holders of the Ohio Southern Railroad this afternoon, it was decided to extend the road from its present southern terminus at Jackson to Pomeroy, a distance of thirty miles. In order to raise money to build the proposed extension; the capital stock was increased to \$5,500,000. Provisions were also made for the funding of the read's floating debt-Chicago, May 21.—The Chicago and Northwestern read to-day put into effect on its Nebraska lines the live stock

to-may put made to the Buillington. This means that the tariff rate on live stock shipped in ordinary cars is made to apply to all cars of whatever length, whereas it has been customary to charge 10 per cent more per carload where 34-foot cars were used. San Francisco, May 21 .- The Aranscontinental Asso-

ciation to-day fixed the time within which tickets may be used by persons attending the National Conventions. The used by persons accounting the National Conventions. Sale of tickets for Chicago will begin June 9, and tickets will be good for eastward passage until June 17, and for the return journey until September 30. The sale of tickets for St. Louis will begin May 26, and tickets can be used for the eastward trip until June 5, and for the return until August 30. Minneapolis, Minn., May 21,-It leaked out here to-

day that the managers of the Minneapolis and Chicago liness reached an important agreement with regard to

is not over 20,000 kegs. Some reports say there is a COLLISION ON "THE ROAD."

TWO MEN HURT, ONE DANGEROUSLY.

ARTHUR BECKWITH, AN ARTIST, AND EX-ALDER-MAN MCINTEE SMASH AGAINST AN ICE WAGON.

An ice wagon, partially loaded and carelessly driven, came within an ace of killing several people yesterday afternoon at One-hundred-andthirty-fourth-st. and Seventh-ave. a few minutes after 4 o'clock. The ice wagon was coming east in One-hundred-and-thirty-fourth-st. Seventh-ave. on the west side of the street is open for the reception of gas pipes, and this forces all the teams coming down-town to keep well out into the middle of the street. The driver of the ice wagon when he came to where the excavation was gave his horses a sharp crack with the whip and they started on a run over the bridge extending across the hole. He did not seem to be paying any attention to the travellers in Seventh-ave., and though a loud shout of warning went up he stolidly drove along.

Coming down Seventh-ave. near One-hundredand-thirty-fourth-st. were three light wagons, one behind the other. G. D. Eighmie, a shirt manufacturer, who lives at the Winthrop Hotel at Seventh-ave. and One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st., led the procession with his bay trotters. Immediately behind him was Arthur Beckworth, an artist, of No. 106 West Fifty-fifth-st., and ex-Alderman Frank McIntee brought up in the rear with his well-known bay pacer. Mr. Beckwith was in a dog-cart and the others were in light road-

Mr. Eighmie, when the ice-wagon suddenly dashed in front of him, gave his horse a sharp twist to the right so as to pass in the rear of it. He was going at too rapid a pace to check his horse entirely, but got behind the ice-wagon all right. The hind wheel of the carriage, however, came in contact with the hind wheel of the heavy truck and the rear wheels were badly twisted. Mr. Eighmie saved himself from falling into the excavation in the street by holding on to the front wheels. The horse stopped as soon as the wagon

Mr. Beckwith followed the course taken by Mr. Eighmie, intending to pass to the rear of the ice wagon also, but Mr. Eighmie's carriage was in the way, and to keep from running into it he reined his horse against the ice-wagon. The shock threw Mr. Beckwith over his horse's head, and several witnesses say that the ice-wagon ran over his body. Mr. McIntee, coming up from behind, endeavored to steer clear of the wreck by passing in front of the ice-wagon, but could not do it, and his light wagon came in contact with the heavy vehicle and flew into splin-The ex-Alderman was thrown out and struck on his head, receiving a severe scalp wound. The driver of the ice wagon, unmindful of the ac-cident, drew out of the wreckage and went on

The driver of the ice wagon, unmindful of the accident, drew out of the wreckage and went on his way without giving assistance to the injured.

Officer Torey, of the mounted squad, came up quickly and removed Mr. Beckwith and Mr. McIntee to Cawood's road-house, on the corner. An ambulance was summoned from the Manhattan Hospital, and the house surgeen there thought that Mr. Beckwith's injuries might prove fatal. Both the injured men were then unconscious, but Mr. McIntee soon rallied, and after his wounds were dressed he was taken to his home, in One-hundred-and-fifth-st., near Third-ave. Mr. Beckwith's chest seemed to have caved in, and there were four broken ribs found. It is not believed that the ice wagon ran over him, as there were not enough bones broken. He became conscious at a late hour last night, and some hope was expressed of his recovery. His entire body was covered with cuts and bruises.

Mr. McIntee will be laid up for a week of more. He is a contractor and builder, well known in Hartem. His carriage was a total wreek, and the other was badly damaged. The horses were uninjured, and but for the prompt arrival of Officer Torey Mr. McIntee would probably have been killed by his, as the animal was kicking violently.

A SCHOOLBOY BURNED TO DEATH.

Jose del Valle, jr., age fourteen, a son of Jose del Valle, a wealthy Cuban, living in Centre-st., Orange, died on Sunday of injuries received in an accident at the private school of J. V. N. Dorr, at Montrose, on Saturday. The school is attended by about fifty children, whose homes are in the Oranges. On Saturars, and the parents and friends assemblet in the school-room to witness the performance, in which twenty-five children took part. The second tableau day night historical tableaus were given by presented represented "Dame Nature and the Seasons." The Del Valle boy represented Winter. He were a costume of cotton batting, which had been

who was in the audience, ran to his aid and heat out the flames with his bare hands. The audience was panic-stricken and the mother was half crazed. The suffere was soon attended to by a physician, but he was burned terribly about the head and body, and he sank gradually. Mr. del Valle, the father, is absent in Cuba.

CHARGING MES CARTER WITH FORGERY.

Chicago, May 21.-A new sensation was to-day added to the Carter divorce case. It was in the shape of an affidavit by the defendant, Leslie Carter, in which he alleges that forgery has been committed in some important features of the testimony sought to be introduced by Mrs. Carter into her case. A number of letters were recently filed by Mrs. Carter as a sort of answer to the letters to her husband which were so glowingly affectionate. The letters were to and were put on file in order to show the true state were written. They were written in a despondent mood. Dark hints and insinuations as to what was really happening between herself and Mr. Carter were thrown out. The cross-motion by Mr. Carter's counsel to-day to have them stricken from the files was supported by the statement on affidavit by Carter, which charged that he had discovered that the first of the series of letters filed by Mrs. Carter, purporting to have been written in June, 1880, was, in reality, a falsified copy of a letter on that date. Mr. Carter faisified copy of a letter on that date. Mr. Carter further charged that the faisified copy was made by Mrs. Carter since January, 1888, and when made was dated June, 16, 1880, and put into the old envelope of the original letter written by her on that date. The affidavit alleged that he (Mr. Carter) had preserved a copy of the original letter. It was averred that the faisification of the original letter consisted in the introduction by Mrs. Carter of all the dark innuendoes, which never existed in the original letter.

ARRANGING FOR A HOME RULE MEETING.

Judge Edward Browne presided last evening at a meeting in the Hoffman House to complete arrangements for the big demonstration in the Academy of Music on Friday evening in favor of Home Rule for Ireland. Eugene evening in favor of Home Rule for Ireland. Eugene Keily will preside and these men have promised to make Keily will preside and these men have promised to make Connecticut, and Biggs, of Delaware; ex-Judge Noah Davis, and the Ray. Mr. Lloyd. General admission will Davis, and the Ray. Mr. Lloyd. General admission will be free. There will be a charge for the boxes, some of which have been taken by John P. Lynch, R. W. Walters, Commissioner James S. Coleman, Henry McReennan and Bryan G. McSwyny. ARRANGING FOR A HOME RULE MEETING.

HIS DEATH PROBABLY AN ACCIDENT. HIS DEATH PROBABLY AN ACCIDENT.

Arthur Rogers, of No. 421 East Fifteenth-st, who
was run over and fatally injured on Friday by a Thirdave, car at Delancey-st, and the Bowery, died at Gouverneur Hospital yesterday. Christian Harms, the driver
of the car, who lives at No. 303 East One-hundred-andtwenty-fifth-st., was arraigned before Coroner Nugent
yesterday afternoon. He made a sworn statement to
the effect that the occurrence was purely accidental. On
the strength of this statement, Coroner Nugent paroled
Harms in the custody of Superintendent Stewart, of
the Third Avenue Railroad, pending the inquest.

Coroner Eidman yesterday held an inquest into the death of Hu Lun Ping, the Chinese laundryman who was found dead with a builet in his brain in front of No. 127 East Fourth-st. on the evening of May 8. The four Celestials who were charged with complicity in the death of Ping were interested speciators. The testimony of several witnesses proved conclusively that Ping, having been dispossessed from his place in Seventh-st for non-payment of rent, contemplated suicide. The jury accordingly brought in a verdict of suicide.

DROWNED IN THE OVERFLOW.

VICTIMS OF THE MISSISSIPPI FLOOD.

THE WATER FALLEN ABOUT NINE INCHES-RAILROAD TRACKS REAPPEARING. Quincy, Ill., May 21 .- Reports received to-day ive news of the drowning of Samuel Moore by the floods in the Indian Grove district, and of two children of William Johnson in the Sny district. Two families living in the Sny district are unaccounted for, and no trace of them can be found. It is probable that many fatalities will be recorded when all the facts regarding the flood are fully

known. Much sickness prevalis among the destitute people from the inundated districts, but the relief committee of Quincy is rendering every possible assistance to those in distress. The river today is falling slowly, having declined nine inches from the highest point reached. Trains on the Western roads will be resumed to-morrow, and the damage to all roads in this locality will be repaired as speedily as possible. It is thought that the worst of the high water is

passed. But the worst that could happen has already occurred, hundreds of families having been rendered homeless and thousands of acres of growing crops ruined, to say nothing of the loss entailed by demolished dwellings, wrecked fences and washoy demonshed dwellings, wrecked fences and wash-outs. A trip through the submerged regions shows that the stories of loss and suffering arready pub-lished have not been exaggerated in the least. From the northern end of Adams County to the southern end of Pike County the land on the lift-nois side of the river was protected by a system of levees, the region embracing 250,000 acres, the soil being the richest in the State. All the region is now one wast last from six at ten tast in death is now one vast lake, from six to ten feet in depth. Along the bluffs on the eastern edge of the submerged district hundreds of families are camped, living in tents, buts and in the open air. Before the flood most of these people were well-to-do, prosperous farmers, but now they have little or

The inundated regions are full of desolation.

The inundated regions are full of desolation. Descrited homesteads with the water lapping the caves are the most frequent as well as the most pathetic sight. But here and there is a spark of life not yet extinguished by the all-destroying waters. While the vast majority of the inhabitants fled to the higher land, a few were not granted time to get away, or were determined to stay with their homes, and are now living in the garrets or on the roofs. Every roof has been turned into a place of refuge for live stock and poultry, but numberless houses have been lifted from their foundations and been carried away by the current, or demolished entirely.

In the Sny levee district below this city the situation is infinitely worse than in the regions to the North. The crevasse which completed the inundation opened at the upper end of the embankment, and the pentup water from the river poured over the vast tract of rich farming land, sweeping everything before it. The flood rushed down in a great wave, several feet high, with a force which nothing could withstand. The towns of Fall Creek, Seehorn and Hulls are mere islands, and hundreds of refugees are huddled together in a limited space. Four or five families are living in each of the rooms in the few houses above the water, and are suffering much.

The damage to railroad property is great, and it will be three weeks after the water subsides before the trains can be running on time. This city is cut off from railroad communication North, West and South. The Quincy and Carthage track

will be three weeks after the water subsides before the trains can be running on time. This city is cut off from railroad communication North, West and South. The Quincy and Carthage track is under water for several miles. The Quincy, Alton and St. Louis track is washed for miles. The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy and the Wabash tracks at East Hannibal were washed out on Saturday morning.

Mayor Hewiti received from John Dwight & Co. yesterday a check for \$100 to be applied to the fund for relieving the sufferers by the Mississippi floods.

CLAIMING ALL RIGHTS TO SILVER LAKE.

A MONOPOLY SOUGHT OF ROCHESTER'S ICE SUPPLY.

Canandaigua, N. Y., May 21 (Special).-The wnership of Silver Lake, a beautiful sheet of water three miles long and half a mile wide, in Wyoming County, is likely to be the subject of a bitter legal battle. It was in the original Phelps and Gorham tract, and the land surrounding it was sold by them to John Greig, of this village. A Hebrew spectacle vender, Rosenthal, and McCarthy, a saloon-keeper, have a deed of the lake from the administrators of the Greig estate, and as a decision has been rendered by the Controller that the State has no interest in it, they seem to have a valid title. They have asserted their claim and appointed an agent to collect license fees from all boatmen who wish to navigate the lake. The boatmen are defiant and the matter will come to an issue on Decoration Day, when the claimants will stop an excursion which is appointed to take place, unless a fee is forthcoming. If the transfer to these two men is valid they have a bonanza, for they will be enabled to monopolize the principal ice trade of the city of Rochester Phelps and Gorham tract, and the land surround-

Boston, May 21 (Special).—A convention of Massa-chusetts Republican Clubs will be held in Boston to-The movement in Massachusetts, in view of the absence of an organized league, has made satisfactory progress. Already there are about one hundred or ganized clubs in the State, fifteen of which are in Bos on and others are about to be formed. At to-mor row's convention there will be present President Foster and Socretary Humphrey, of the National League, and Henry Gleason, also of New-York Practically no plans have been outlined in advance for to-morrow's convention, except that John W. Candler, of Brookline, will call the convention to order and will probably be temporary chairman. It is expected that Albert E. Pillsbury will be permanent chairman. At the close of the convention the Brookline club will entertain at a banquest the three New-York visitors, Governor Ames and other prominent gentlemen.

MAXWELL'S LIFE DRAWING TO A CLOSE.

St. Louis, May 21 (Special).—The days of H. M. Brooks alias Maxwell, the notorious trunk murderer, are drawing rapidly to a close. To day the Supreme Court at Jefferson City received from Washington the mandate of the United States Supreme Court in the case, but deferred naming the date of the execution for two weeks. When the court then convenes the her mother, purported to have been written in 1880, date will be named. Maxwell's friends in England of her feelings at the time the letters to her husband | Cleveland, Minister West and Governor Morehouse have been importuned and many believe that the Governor may possibly commute the sentence. There is a prejudice against the prisoner in this city and state, and if Morehouse interferes it will probably cost him the Governorship. He is now a candidate to succeed Marmaduke and is officially only acting

> A NEGRO REPUBLICAN ASSASSI VATED. Bartow, Fla., May 21 (Special) .- J. H. Clay, an in Ga., about a year ago was brutally murdered by some unknown person at 10 o'clock last night. He was in the rear of the Bartow House when the shots were fired. Persons rooming in the building heard the sounds of a scuille and Clay's cry, "Don't shoot," folsounds of a scuine and clay's cry, "Don't shoot," fol-lowed closely by three shots. Two bullets entered his head and the third passed through his heart. Clay was well liked and public feeling is strong against his assassins. He was a Ropublican, however, and the shooting of a Radical negro is not generally re-garded as of much consequence in this region.

THE DISGRACED NEWBURG BROKERS. Newburg, May 21 (Special).—The interest in the case of the Newburg bankers and brokers, Arthur V. Wiltsie and John M. Pollock, was revived to-day by wiltsle and John M. Polines, was revived to-day of their appearance upon the street while on the way to Goshen in chargo of Sheriff Pressler. They were to be tried there on the indictments found against them, but the sheriff found three more indictments against them, one for grand larveny in the first de-gree. Their trials were set down for September next.

VARIOLOID IN COLBY UNIVERSITY.

Waterville, Me., May 21.—Two students of Colby University have well defined cases of varioloid. One is the son of Mayor Foster, of Waterville. Every precaution has been taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

ROBBING THE HOUSE OF A MILLIONAIRE. Waltham, Mass., May 21.-The house of August Flogg here was entered by burglars last night and silverware and money amounting to \$3,000 stolen. Mr. Florg is a millionaire and retired from business ten years ago.

# DEATH FROM THE WIRES.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

THEY SHOULD BE UNDERGROUND,

SOME PLAIN ADMISSIONS BY THE ELECTRICIANS AT THE MURRAY INQUEST.

The inquiry into the death of Thomas Murray, the lineman in the employ of the Brush Company, who was killed on May 11 at No. 616 Broadway, by an electric light wire, was continued yesterday. It is Coroner Levy's avowed purpose to conduct the inquiry after a fashion that will cause a ventilation of the whole subject of the dangers to be apprehended from electric light wires, and so arouse public opinion that the electric light companies will be compelled to adopt measures that will render their wires harmless so far at least, as concerns the general public. William McGrath the superintendent of the Elizabeth-st. station of the Brush Light Company, first testified, and said that he didn't consider the handling of electric light wires dangerous if " proper precautions" were used. He explained that by proper precautions he meant chiefly the use of rubber gloves in damp

weather. "Do you not think," the Coroner asked, "the wires are dangerous to a person who comes in contact with them, if he be unacquainted with the

contact with them, if he be unacquainted with the eccentricities of electricity?"

"Well, I don't think they are exactly dangerous," replied the witness. "If a horse should break his harness and run away, he would be dangerous, but horses generally are not dangerous."

Finally the witness told the jury that it was all a question of insulation, and now to seeme perfect and durable insulation was an exceedingly difficult problem which had not yet been satisfactorily solved. He thought it would be a good thing to put the wires underground. "Our company," he said, "instructed me more than a year ago to place as many wires under ground as possible."

Q.-Ilow many have you placed underground!

Q .- How many have you placed underground? A .-None yet; we have just got ready to do it, we have only just discovered an insulation that could be depended on, HE HAD INSTRUCTIONS A YEAR AGO.

Dr. Otto A. Moses, president of the Executive Committee of the National Electric Light Association, was next called to the stand and said; " In the present case, so far as I can judge from

the testimony, the death of the lineman was due to his personal neglect." Then Dr. Moses went or to explain that he thought it would be possible to devise a method for cutting off the current from a wire while one was handling it, thereby rendering it harmless. In response to a question as to his opinion of the best safeguard, Dr. Moses answered: I think it is a very difficult problem to get the electric

light wires in proper condition as long as there are see many useless and abandoned wires hanging on the poles, because they are a constant source of danger, since no one looks after them, and they are all the time getting into the way. They fall down perhaps on some electric light wire and it "short circuits it" and that may lead to "short-circuiting" of some person who touches the wires. The danger is not so much from the electric light wires from the useless wires that come in contact with them.
Q.—Don't you think that as long as the wires are in their present condition they are a source of danger! A.I think that that will be the case until the pressure for the use of wires is so great that every wire will be

Q .- What zemedies would you suggest? A .- If there ger to be apprehended from the electric light wires, but those conditions are hardly attainable. The "dead" wires should be got rid of. That might be accomplished by putting all the telegraph and telephone wires under-ground and leaving the electric light wires where they are. There would then be no danger of their being '

The other method would be to put the electric light wires underground. Or I might suggest a thirl method. Leave the wires where they are and then conduct the current from the lines in such a way that when it enters a house it would not hurt anybody. This is possible by transforming the power from one of high potential power to one of low potential power. That could be done, but as all the electric light wires use another system it is hardly likely to be adopted. I have no faith whatever in the

This gave a good opportunity to a shrewd juror who remembered that Mr. McGrath had testified that the Brush Company used the "underwriters' wire," which has a coating of white lead and is wire," which has a coating of white lead and is wrapped in cotton. He started a persistent inquiry to ascertain if there were not some better insulator that the Brush Company could use. Dr. Meses suggested that the company had to consider the expense of a better insulator. That evidently put the Brush Company in a worse position than before in the estimation of the persistent juror who didn't think that the expense ought to be weighed in the balance against human lives. Dr. Meses described the system in vogue in London where an underground cable was employed by Siemens. He explained also that the electric light wires were placed underground.

"That would be the safest method," he said, "because there would then be no possible opportunity of causing death, because the instant "ground" occurred it would cause such a serious leakage that the company would at once become

"ground" occurred it would cause such a serious leakage that the company would at once become aware of it and have to stop it."

Coroner Levy said that he had expected Mayor Hewitt to testify but he had been too busy to attend. He would testify to-day and so would the members of the Beard of Electrical Control. The hearing will be continued at 2 o'clock to-day.

ENCOURAGEMENT FROM THE POPE

LEO XIIITH SENDS A BENEDICTION TO THE AMERIC CAN CATHOLIC TEMPERANCE SOCIETIES. Worcester, Mass., May 21.—The following letter was day sent out to the different societies of the National

The spiritual director of our National Union, the Rev. The spiritual director of our National Union, the Rev. P. T. O'Relly, of Springfield, has received from the Holy Father a letter, a copy of which is herewith transmitted to you. As another evidence of his kindly interest for our Union, our Holy Father, Leo XIII. grants to our members his apostolical benediction in grateful remembrance of the Jubilee address presented to him by our Board of Government in obedience to instructions received at the Philadelphia Convention.

You will be proud to hear anew his words of encouragement for our total abstinence movement, and his desire that its benefits be extended throughout our country. Under the benign influence of his fatherly blessing re-

Under the benign influence of his fatherly blessing re-double your efforts to make man hate the vice of intem-perance, which degrades both body and soul, endangers society and rend'rs useless the great mercy of our Ro-deemer. His words should give you great courage in the world and urge you to preach the truth that total absti-nence is a most efficacious means for combating the evil of intemperance, and thus gain the support of all men wh love manhood, honor and God. Fraternally yours, THOMAS J. CONATY.

Right Rev. P. T. O'Reilly, Spiritual Director C. T. A. U. My Lord: The token of love and devotion which the nemters of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of Amer-

ica have presented to the Holy Father on the occasion of his golden Jubiles has accorded him an especial consolation and joy. His Holiness ardently desires that a society se useful may be from day to day more and more extended throughout America, and he is happy to learn that its members are ready to labor for that end. He beseeches God to be propitious to their undertaking and to shower down His heavenly blessings upon them. Wishing to give them a new testimony of his paternal affection, he most lovingly imparts his apostolic benediction to each member of the Union. In conveying to you those wisers, I pray the Lord to grant you prosperity and happiness. Your de-M. CARDINAL RAMPOLLA.

SALOON TYRANNY RESENTED BY CATHOLICS. Chicago. May 21.—The recent overwhelming defeat in the City Council of an ordinance prohibiting the lo-cation of saloons near churches and schools, and placing certain restrictions on Sunday liquor traffic, has aroused a great deal of indignation among a large class of citizens. A meeting was held last evening by the members of the Hely Family Catholic Parish. petition was signed by over 900 Catholics asking the Council to pass the defeated ordinance, or one similar thereto. Resolutions were adopted denouncing the nineteen Catholic Aldermen who voted against the ordinance, and admonishing them either to vote for roform or resign their seats. The Catholics of nearly every parish in the city, it is stated, have significant their intention of taking similar action at once.

ESCAPING TO CANADA AND LEAVING A DEFICIT Pittsburg, May 21.—Peter J. Quinn, chief book-keeper for C. G. Dixon & Co., large contractors and builders, has been missing for several days, and it is

AN AGED ATTORNEY INSTANTLY KILLED. Skowhegan, Me., May 21.—John P. Webster, o Norridgework, the oldest attorney in Somerset County, was killed by a fall from a railroad bridge in flow Norridgewook yilless this marning.